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Whitehall, May 16.

A Diſpatch, dated St. Lucia, April 4, 1794, of which the following is an Extract, was this Day received from General Sir Charles Grey, K. B. by the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, His Majeſty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

IN my Diſpatch of the 25th Ultimo I had the Happineſs to acquaint you of the Surrender of Fort Bourbon (now Fort George) and the Iſland of Martinico, on that Day; and that I would not loſe Time to embark Troops, Ordnance, &c. to proſecute vigorouſly ſuch other Objects and Services as His Majeſty had been pleaſed to entruſt me with the Execution of.

I have now the Honor to acquaint you with the further Succeſs of His Majeſty's Arms, in the Conqueſt of this fine Iſland; the French Garriſon, under the Command of General Ricard, in the Works on Morne Fortunée, having marched out and laid down their Arms this Morning by Nine o'Clock; at which Time His Royal Highneſs Prince Edward, with his Brigade of Grenadiers, and Major-General Dundas, with his Brigade of Light Infantry, marched in and took Poſſeſſion. On the 30th Ultimo the Brigade of Grenadiers, commanded by His Royal Highneſs Prince Edward; the Brigade of Light Infantry, by Major General Dundas; and the 6th, 9th, and 43d Regiments, by Colonel Sir Charles Gordon, with Engineers, &c. under Colonel Durnford, and a Detachment of the Royal Artillery, with ſome light Ordnance, under Lieutenant Colonel Paterſon, embarked on board His Majeſty's Ships in the Bay of Fort Royal, having left the Tranſports and heavy Artillery at Martinico; and alſo left there the 15th, 39th, 56th, 58th, 64th, and 70th Regiments, Artillery, &c. as a Garriſon, under Lieutenant General Preſcott, Brigadier General Whyte, and Colonel Myers; but that Day proving very rainy, hazy, and calm, we did not ſail till the 31ſt, and reached St. Lucia the 1ſt Inſtant. Every neceſſary Matter being previouſly concerted and arranged with the Admiral, we proceeded and effected three different Landings with little Reſiſtance, and no Loſs, viz. Major General Dundas's Diviſion, conſiſting of the 3d Battalion Light Infantry under Lieutenant-Colonel Cloſe, and conducted by Captain Kelly and Lord Garlies of the Navy, at Ance Du Cap; and the 2d Light Infantry, under Lieutenant Colonel Blundell, conducted by Commodore Thompſon, at Ance Du Choc, who were ordered to join, taking the Enemy's Batteries in reverſe, and to occupy a near Poſition for the Purpoſe of inveſting the Works of Morne Fortunée, on the Side of Carenage, which was executed with the uſual Spirit and Ability of that Major-General, and the Flank Battalions. His Royal Highneſs Prince Edward's Diviſion, the 1ſt and 3d Grenadiers, diſembarked at Marigot des Roſeaux, immediately under the Admiral's own Direction, aſſiſted by Captain Hervey, and immediately proceeded to co-operate with Major-General Dundas, to inveſt Morne Fortunée. Lieutenant-Colonel Coote, with the 1ſt Battalion of Light Infantry, did not diſembark till Seven o'Clock the ſame Evening from the Boyne, and landed at Ance de la Tocque, proceeded to and took the Four-Gun Battery of Ciceron, inveſting Morne Fortunée on that Side, at the ſame Time covering Cul de Sac or Barrington-

Bay